

THE GAZETTE.

JANESVILLE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15.

WITH NEW RULES, GO TO WORK.

The new rules have been adopted by the republicans in congress, and if there is any serious desire in the majority to go to work and do something practical for the country, it has a golden opportunity. It has now been decided that the majority must rule, that when a member is in his seat he is not absent, that he cannot be in two places at the same time no matter whether he is a republican in the minority or a democrat in the majority, and that the present majority in the house means business.

In the discussion on the rules the democrats were quite inconsistent. Practically, they wanted the country to believe that the minority must rule to prevent extravagant appropriations! This is more self-righteousness than Judas displayed when he carried the money bag and grumbled about the waste of the oilment. Republican congressmen are not called upon, for the sake of a minority which has never been either just or decent when it was in control of legislation, to refrain from any step which it may judge that the public welfare requires. But it is pretended by the democrats that the minority in the house, if enabled to stop legislation at its pleasure, will prevent the wasteful or corrupt appropriation of public moneys.

Will some enlightened and honest democrat rise and tell when the democrats in congress prevented the republicans from making corrupt appropriations? When have the democratic appropriations been more economical and fair than the appropriations by republican congresses? Did the democratic minority ever step in to prevent an extravagant appropriation of the public funds by the republicans? Did the democrats in congress ever use their power when in the minority to filibuster in order to prevent the passage of an extravagant river and harbor bill? Will some wide-awake democrat who has intelligence enough to understand the history of his party in congress, hasten to illustrate by some example when the democratic minority displayed so much righteousness as to be the means of checking corrupt legislation?

Now that congress is open for business, let us see how efficient, trustworthy, economical, and patriotic the democratic minority will be.

WISE DEMOCRATS.

One hardly knows whether it is a touch of humor or a display of honest conviction in the Mississippi democrats favoring the repeal of the Fifteenth amendment. These who are equivoquant with the history of reconstruction times, will remember how vigorously the democrats fought that amendment. It received the solid support of the republican party. Since then there has been a marvelous change in the condition of politics in the south. The amendment which the south and the democratic party of the north so persistently opposed, is now the only salvation the democratic party has in sight. Were it not for that amendment the party would be in a hopeless minority. The repeal of the Fifteenth amendment would deprive the southern states of forty or fifty votes in the electoral college, so that they could not hope, under any circumstances, to carry a national election.

As far as political power is concerned, it would be a good thing for the republican party if the amendment were wiped out. It would make the country irreversibly republican, and this is the reason why some democratic editors are engaged in condemning the Mississippi movement. But the republican party has always championed the cause of the colored man, and will stand by the Fifteenth amendment regardless of its advantage to the democratic party.

The democrats are especially favored by the magnanimous act of the republican party in the reconstruction of the southern states. The south gets one-third more representation in congress by means of that magnanimity, and as many more presidential electors, and it is by this great odds only that it is possible for the democrats to carry a national election. There is a double advantage accruing to the democratic party under this arrangement—it has the increased representation in congress, and in the electoral college, and at the same time suppresses the colored vote that secures to it this additional power. For these reasons the democratic party will never consent to repeal the Fifteenth amendment. Blundering as the party is, it will never blunder in that fashion.

THE MINNEAPOLIS LOAN ASSOCIATION.

There are a good many people in the southern part of Wisconsin who have taken stock in the American Building and Loan Association of Minneapolis, and the question as to the ability of the association to pay its obligations will be of special interest to them.

It seems that the association will not be permitted to do any further business in this state for the present, but there are sufficient funds deposited with the state treasurer to indemnify stockholders against loss. It is encouraging to note that Mr. W. S. Dimeck of Minneapolis, writing to the State Journal, at Madison, says: "I am of the opinion that, should the association be placed in the hands of a receiver to-day, stockholders would be returned from 90 to 100 per cent of their investment, and this opinion is based upon actual personal knowledge of the assets of the association. To begin with, there is now on deposit with the banks of this city, \$160,000 in cash, which would make a very decent payment on all stock in force. Added to this are loans on first mortgage securities up to an amount of within 6 per cent of

abilities. The only question to be determined then in ascertaining the true condition of stock-holders in this association, is what is the value of these securities? It has been stated that they are valueless, but from a personal inspection of many of them and from actual experience in foreclosing mortgages, which were 'presumably among the poorest of its securities, I know that they can be realized upon with little if any loss."

It would seem from this statement that the Wisconsin stockholders will lose but little if any should the association be placed in the hands of a receiver. With this condition of things surrounding the association there is no occasion for alarm among the Wisconsin stockholders.

The stockholders of the Hekla Fire Insurance company, of Madison, have ratified the sale recently made by the directors of the company to the Germania Insurance company, of St. Paul. The stock amounts to \$300,000. The St. Paul company pays a premium of 6 cents on the dollar, or \$18,000 for the whole amount, of which it has already gathered up about \$295,000. There were outstanding some twenty millions of risks, all of which will be reinsured in the St. Paul company.

This is the last of the Hekla, a good company and a paying business destroyed by the hot-headedness, stubbornness, and selfishness of two factions in the organization. When either could rule, the determination was to ruin the company, and the latter was done. This transaction shows the weakness of human nature, and illustrates the saying that fools spring up where they should be least expected.

The Hartford Courant thinks the world is on the eve of some mighty revolution that will either destroy the inhabitants thereof or reduce them to a condition of misery worse than death. Business must be dull in Hartford, or while Senator Hawley is in Washington the editor in charge has the grip. Once in a while a person in a melancholy state of mind will predict that the powers of evil will soon come to rule the world, but notwithstanding sunshine and rain, seed-time and harvest are among the blessings of every year; and instead of mighty revolutions to make "the condition of misery worse than death," civilization is rapidly advancing, and whenever industry, sobriety, Christianity, economy, are practiced, the common people are growing better.

The debate on the question of increasing the number of justices on the United States supreme bench seems to be a sad waste of time. In business, when an employer has more work than nine men can do, he hires another and so on in proportion to the increase of his business. In the name of common sense why should not the same method be adopted by congress?—Chicago Journal.

You know that congress doesn't do business in that way. A common sense way of doing business would confound congress. If the methods of congress were adopted by business men or by corporations they would drive themselves to ruin. The method of successful men is work and less talk; the method of congress is talk and less work.

When the new North bridge was tested last month, the load put upon the structure was more than double what will ever be upon it at one time when in practical use. In a heavy gale recently the wind gauges recorded a pressure of thirty-seven pounds to the square foot, but the maximum lateral movement of the central cantilever was less than one inch under the pressure. The bridge stands next to the Brooklyn bridge as being one of the finest examples of civil engineering of modern times. It will be opened by the Prince of Wales on the 4th of March.

There is a probability that congress will not pass a world's fair bill this session. It is just as well for the country to let the matter drop for the present.

THE TRADE REVIEW.

Moderate Improvement Reported—Increase in Railway Earnings. New York, Feb. 15.—Bradstreet's "State of Trade" says: Special telegrams report a moderate improvement in the state of general trade at several points, notably at San Francisco, Kansas City, Omaha, Cincinnati, Chicago, Boston, and Philadelphia. This is noticeable in the movement of groceries, dry goods, drugs, boots and shoes and building materials, and in an improved inquiry in Eastern iron circles. Hog products at the East are quiet and prices barely steady.

The decline in the demand for silver from India resulted in a decrease of 3 cents per ounce in the bullion price of that metal during the week.

The January gross earnings of 140 railroad companies reported aggregate \$23,190,482, with a total mileage of 81,003, against \$22,193,316 and a mileage of 78,975 in January last year, a gain in earnings of nearly 13.7 per cent, and in mileage of 2.5 per cent.

Available stocks of wheat east of the Rocky mountains Feb. 15 as wired aggregated 47,513,000 bushels, a decrease of 3,177,000 bushels for the week. Indian corn stocks were about 1,000,000 bushels heavier than on Feb. 1. Exports of wheat and flour as wheat, both coasts, this week as reported, equal 1,517,775 bushels, against 1,214,917 bushels last week and 1,270,783 bushels in the like week of 1889. The total quantity of Bessemer steel rails made in the United States by mills producing their own ingots in 1889 is officially reported at 1,644,234 net tons, 102,146 tons in excess of 1888.

Business failures reported are decreasing each week, amounting to 213 in the United States for the week, against 259 the previous week, and 311 the corresponding week last year. The total number of failures in the United States since Jan. 1 is 2,100, as against 2,182 in 1889.

NEW RULES ADOPTED.

The Republicans Adopt the Report of the Committee on New Rules, and

THE HOUSE AT LAST HAS A CODE TO GOVERN ITS WORK.

Strict Party Vote on the Much Discussed Innovation in Parliamentary Procedure—Capital News.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The House met at 11 o'clock in continuation of the previous day's session, and listened to several speeches on the new rules. At 12 o'clock the day's session began by reading the Journal, which was approved—yeas, 151; nays, 1 (the Speaker counting a quorum).

The consideration of the rules was then proceeded with. Mr. Bynum, of Indiana, offered an amendment providing that when any bill for the increase of pension or for granting pensions not formerly provided for is pending it shall be in order to offer an amendment providing by taxation for the payment thereof.

The amendment was strongly opposed by the republicans, and was defeated by a vote of yeas, 96; nays, 164.

An amendment by Mr. Outhwaite, of Ohio, was then taken out of the proposed clause constituting 100 members a quorum of the committee of the whole was, after a few remarks on either side, voted down on a yeas and nays called for by Mr. Blount.

Mr. Crisp offered an amendment to strike out the clause authorizing the Speaker to count sufficient members present and not voting to make a quorum, and urged that the other side were not themselves certain of the constitutionality of that clause. To demonstrate this uncertainty he read a confidential communication which he had no doubt each republican member had received. It was in substance:

"Don't fail to be present when the final vote is taken on the rules. We must be able to show a quorum of our own members."

Crisp's amendment was rejected by a party vote.

The rule providing that no dilatory motion shall be entertained by the Speaker was discussed in detail. A motion by Mr. McAdoo that this rule be stricken out was lost on a rising vote.

The yeas and nays were called, on which the amendment was lost, the vote being 100 yeas and 150 nays. There were still several propositions which the members clamored to have considered, but when the hour of 5 had arrived the Speaker declared that, the time limited for debate being exhausted, the question was on a code of rules, on which the yeas and nays were demanded by the democrats, resulting in the adoption of the new rules by a vote of 161 yeas to 140 yeas—strict party vote. The announcement of the result by the Speaker was greeted with applause from the republican side of the House. The House then adjourned.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—In the Senate several petitions were introduced praying for legislation to prevent speculation in raw and manufactured farm products.

The Chase copyright law was then taken up and passed. On motion of Senator Sherman the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the calendar. The following bills were passed:

For the relief of sufferers by the wreck of the Vandalla, Trenton, and Nipic at Apia, Samoan Islands.

Providing for an Assistant Secretary of War at a salary of \$4,500 per annum. Appropriating \$251,000 for the relief of the Sioux Indians at Devils Lake, N.D., who are in a starving condition.

Several private pension bills were also passed.

The calendar was proceeded with until 4:20 p. m., when an executive session was had. At 5:15 o'clock the doors were reopened and the Senate adjourned. A large number of bills were disposed of. Among those passed were the following:

Providing for leave of absence for officers and employees in the customs service of the government who receive per diem compensation; for the relief of soldiers and sailors who enlisted or served under assumed names while minors or otherwise in the army or navy during the war; to prevent the introduction of contagious diseases from one State to another; to prevent the obstruction of navigable waters and protect public works against trespass or injury.

WORLD'S FAIR BILLS.

Chairman Chandler Reports to the House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Chairman Chandler of the world's fair committee has presented his report and two bills to accompany it.

The report is very brief, and recommends the holding of the world's fair in 1893 to commemorate the discovery of America and do honor to the memory of Columbus. It says it is impracticable to comprise in the bill the ten propositions which would make it suit all the points desiring the exposition, and therefore he presents two bills, one of which is suitable to Washington, the other to St. Louis, Chicago, or New York. It urges the importance of an exposition which shall not only be participated in by all parts of the country and continent, but in which all sections shall be asked to join.

It recommends the general discussion of the two bills, and the subject generally, including the propositions of the various cities, and that on the day of the closing of this discussion, a vote be had on the question of a site, each member to announce viva voce his choice of site, and the balloting to be continued until one city receives a majority of the votes cast, after which the bill is to be completed.

WANTS IT RETURNED.

Looking for Some of the Profits of the New Orleans Exposition.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—There has been some talk here over the possibility of a suit by the government against the managers of the recent New Orleans exposition. To aid that exposition Congress appropriated \$1,300,000, with the distinct understanding that if there was a surplus when the exhibition was over the money should be turned into the United States treasury.

By the terms of the appropriation an accounting was to be given by the responsible managers of the affair, and because of their lax business methods looks now as if there was going to be trouble. A firm of lawyers has suggested to the Attorney-General that the government coffers might be enriched if suit were entered against the estates of those managers. The three men at whom these suits would be aimed are not easily accessible, however.

Major Burke, director-general, is enjoying temporary relief from creditors by living in Honduras. Edmund Richardson, the "cotton king," is dead. He left an estate said to be worth \$12,000,000. Duncan Kenne—be the worst

king, has also died, leaving behind about \$5,000,000.

ELECTION CASES.

Three Decided by the Committee, One Favorably to the Democrats.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The House committee on elections has disposed of three of the contested election cases before it, deciding to recommend the seating of two of the republican contestants and to allow the democratic member to retain his seat in the third contest. By a strict party vote the committee instructed Mr. Houck to make a report recommending the seating of Featherstone, the republican contestant, for the seat of Cate in the First Arkansas district, and of Mudd, the republican contestant, for the seat of Barnum Compton in the Fifth Maryland district. By a unanimous vote it was decided to recommend that Clarke, the democratic sitting member from the First Alabama district, be allowed to keep his seat. The committee was of the opinion that Threet, the contestant, had not made out his case, although the majority thought that he had shown that the election was not entirely free from fraud.

A HARSH COMMANDER.

Seventy Men Said to Have Deserted From the Steamer Enterprise.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Star has the following: "From private advices received at the Navy department it would appear that the arrival of the United States steamer Enterprise in New York from Europe will be the signal for somewhat of a sensation in naval circles. This vessel is under the command of Commander B. H. McCalla. Upward of seventy men, the officers referred to, have deserted from time to time, unable to bear what they consider the Captain's harshness, and there is a rumor of his having struck one man with his sword, injuring him severely. Ensign Kline and Chief Engineer Entwistle are now under hatches under suspension, awaiting the arrival of the ship home, when there will be at least two court-martials. Kline's offense, it is stated, was sleeping on watch, and denying it, while Entwistle remonstrated with the Captain for using language which he considered objectionable."

EXPIRED BY LIMITATION.

We are Without a Modus Vivendi With Canada at Present.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The modus vivendi between Canada and the United States expired by limitation at noon Friday.

Inquiry at the State department failed to elicit any information as to whether it would be continued, and the officials claimed to be in utter ignorance on the subject. At the White House Secretary Hallford said he had no official information, but he believed the modus vivendi would be continued as Secretary Blaine and the British Minister had agreed upon certain details. At the Navy department an emphatic denial was given by Acting Secretary Ramsey of the story that the United States men-of-war had been ordered to Canadian waters.

MR. TRACY TO SELL HIS HOUSE.

The Mansion on I Street to Be Disposed Of as It Stands.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Secretary Tracy will sell his house on I street, opposite Farragut square, just as it stands, blackened without and ruined within. The beautiful furnishings were nearly all destroyed by the fire. A few pictures and other family mementos which escaped the ruin will be taken away, and then the house will be offered for sale. It cost the Secretary more than \$70,000. Secretary Tracy does not recover as rapidly as was hoped. It is probable that within a few days the Secretary will start on a Southern trip, as his friends are anxious that he shall have a change of scene and surroundings.

Statehood for Wyoming and Idaho.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The House committee on Territories has ordered a favorable report on the bill admitting Wyoming to statehood, and has practically agreed to report the Idaho bill very shortly. Both reports are expected to be made as soon as possible now that the new rules are adopted.

Confirmed by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Senate has confirmed the following nominations: Charles Emory Smith, minister to Russia.

J. Fenner Lee, of Maryland, secretary of legation at Rio de Janeiro.

George W. Irvin, marshal for Montana.

DIED IN THE RING.

One of Kilra's Brothers Kills a Man on the Stage at Dallas.

DALLAS, Texas, Feb. 15.—The Kilrain-Muldoon combination of boxers and wrestlers, which is touring through Texas, have met with a serious mishap. The combination were giving an entertainment in Dallas. Before the entertainment was half over Tom James, a local amateur, was so badly injured during a bout with Benzo, the Cincinnati light-weight, that he was carried from the stage unconscious and died an hour afterward without reviving. The police were on hand to keep out the crowd and promptly put the whole party under arrest when James died. Benzo was held in \$500 bail, which was promptly furnished.

NECKWEAR EARLY SPRING STYLES FOR 1890.

We again take pleasure in calling your attention to this department, on which we bestow great care; always showing the largest assortment to be found in this city. In shapes and patterns we offer the

Latest and Most Exclusive Styles! Have just opened a fresh lot of "Tecks and Four in Hands" which will greatly interest you at popular prices, 25, 50, 75c and \$1.00

HATS AND CAPS. This department is now completely stocked in all the latest shapes in stiff hats including the *Squaretop and Christy*. In boys and children's caps we show 40 styles. Our new *Puff Windsor* is just the thing for spring wear. Our

CLOTHING! FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN

is as near perfection as can be and invites your inspection. A Reliable Place.

FRANK H. BAACK & CO.

22 West Milwaukee Street.

STOVES, STOVES.

Notwithstanding all manufacturers have advanced prices. We shall for

THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Make Prices on all Stoves that will pay anybody wanting a Stove within the coming year to investigate,

As we want room for our Spring Goods. Also a full line of

Builders' Hardware, Nails, Cutlery, Tin, Agate, & Granite

Iron Ware, and Housekeeping Goods Generally.

Sole Agents For the Celebrated Clauss Shears and Scissors.

THE CHALLENGE ICEBERG REFRIGERATORS, Etc. We also

Do All Kinds of Tin and Solid Iron Work, Cornices, Window Trimmings

Furnaces Heating, Etc.

All at Prices as Low as First Class work and material will allow.

GRISWOLD & SANBORN, 28 South Main St.

Hanchett & Sheldon

Dealers at wholesale and retail, have on hand the largest and

BEST SELECTED STOCK & HARDWARE,

IRON, WAGON STOCK, NAILS

Builder's Hardware, Stoves, Etc.

To be found in Southern Wisconsin, and will make prices on same that will defy competition. Among their specialties in Stoves this season may be found the celebrated

WEST POINT PARLOR HEATER

Favorite Wood and Coal Ranges, Favorite, Oak and the

Best and Cheaper Lines of Coal and Wood Heaters in the Market

Don't fail to examine our stock before buying.

The Grand Oil Heater.

The marvel of the age, constantly in operation.

Remember First-Class Tin Shop with experienced Workmen.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

At the Insurance and Real Estate office Room 10, second floor in the Jackson Block, is represented the old, strong

Leading Insurance Companies!

OF AMERICA AND EUROPE.

They can truthfully be said to be

TIME - TRIED - AND - FIRE - TESTED;

ALSO THE

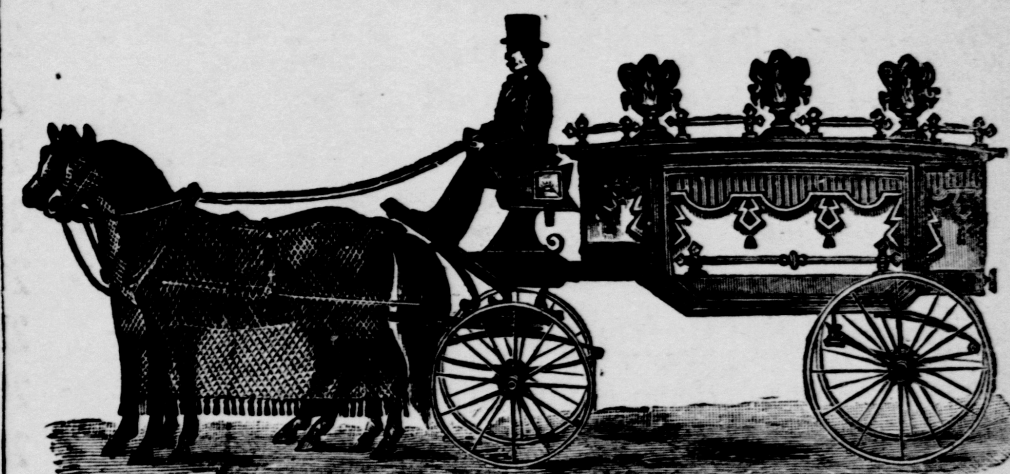
Travelers' Accident Insurance Company,

THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of same, I am

SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

GENUINE BARGAINS
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FURNITURE!
AT
CLEMENT, WILLIAMS & CO.,
137 and 139 Wisconsin St. Milwaukee.
Plain and Artistic Furniture in all the Newest Styles and at the Very Lowest Prices.

UNDERTAKING!



We are fully prepared to attend to Embalming and Undertaking.
A Complete Stock of Caskets and Coffins
PRICES REASONABLE
A FIRST CLASS LIVERY IN CONNECTION WITH THE BUSINESS
Call and see us. We can save you money.
NELSON BROS.
Court Street, Janesville Wis. Telephone No. 50. Open all hours of the night.

C. W. HODSON'S MERCHANT MILLS

ESTABLISHED IN 1860.

The first mill in Southern Wisconsin to adopt the Roller System, and its brands of Flour are unsurpassed by any in the north-west. The

Pearl White Patent Flour,
HAS NO EQUAL, AND THE
VIENNA
Is the best family Flour ever put on the market. The other brands manufactured are the
WHITE LOAF, BADGER, ROLLER MILLS, OLD TIMES and RUBY.
Also a very fine grade of winter wheat flour (Grown in Iowa). All prominent grocers keep these brands of Flour. Call for them and have no other.

PATENT FLOUR
G. W. HODSON
JANESVILLE WIS.

VIENNA FLOUR
W. HODSON
JANESVILLE WIS.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Do All Kinds of Tin and Solid Iron Work, Cornices, Window Trimmings

Furnaces Heating, Etc.

All at Prices as Low as First Class work and material will allow.

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Favorite Wood and Coal Ranges, Favorite, Oak and the

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Don't fail to examine our stock before buying.

The Grand Oil Heater.

The marvel of the age, constantly in operation.

Remember First-Class Tin Shop with experienced Workmen.

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THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of same, I am

SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

1890. 1890.

\$5.50 PER TON. \$5.50

We will deliver in ton lots or over a very choice grade of Scranton coal at \$5.50 per ton. All other Coal and wood in proportion. When we hit prices we hit them hard. Leave your order with

SMITH & GATELEY.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Call for Vienna Flour. Ask your grocer for Pearl White Flour. Crown Jewel and White Lost Flour are both choice brands.

Money to loan on long time with good security. METCAL & COBURN.

WANTED—A peddler to handle tin ware. Enquire of W. B. Stoddard 205 North Bluff street.

Just received a full line of cooking utensils made as used by the new cooking club. Prices right. E. W. LOWELL, 7 and 9 River street.

Boy La Valle Roller Mills flour at: F. W. Christman, A. D. Sanborn & Co., Grubb Bros., Fred Vankirk's, G. Warren Kelly's, A. Rider's, Schmidt & Bugg's, C. E. Brown's, Floyd Murdoch's, And get the best flour in the market. W. H. BONESTEEL, Superintendent.

New glassware from the factory received at Wheelock's; also new culinary articles to make kitchen work more satisfactory.

Chas. Wisch The barber, employs none but first class workmen, has the largest shop in the city with good bath rooms attached. Call and see him, Probus block, West Milwaukee street, Janesville, Wis.

Money to loan by D. Conger. All who wish to order costumes of Spoon & Snyder for the N. O. W. masquerade, please call at the store and leave orders before 9 o'clock, Saturday morning Feb. 8.

To Rent—Elegant office in the Phoenix block and one in the Bennett block centrally located. Inquire at the insurance office of Silas Hayner.

A few boards wanted at 206 South Franklin street.

Any wishing costumes for the N. O. W. masquerade can secure them by leaving orders with Spoon & Snyder.

A new lot of wood just received, including Rock maple, second growth white-oak, etc., which will be sold at lowest living prices.

DAVID K. JEFFRIES.

Goods paper, pen and ink at Sutherland's.

—Outway and seek business suits in great variety and at living prices at Zeigler's.

Good winter evening books at Sutherland's.

For RENT—House No. 205 Division street, near high school, Wm. Ross.

If you want a fine, new home in this city, see me before you buy. D. CONGER.

For RENT—6 room house. Rent free to April 1st, to satisfactory tenant who will take a lease for one or more years. Apply to Gazette office.

For SALE—My house No. 202 South Academy street. W. H. BONESTEEL.

Home made bread &c. a loaf at the Fashion Bakery.

For RENT—A front room at 104 Park Place facing the court house contain or south. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE CHEAP

If taken soon, new house and six acres of land on corner of Milton Avenue and Elida streets. In fine shape to sell in acre or half acre lots. D. CONGER.

LOOK—At those choice lots in the first ward for sale by D. CONGER.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhea. 25c a bottle.

Pear's soap is the pure and best soap ever made.

C L O A K S S prices.

—J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

D. Conger's office is the place for bargains in houses, lots, farms and western land.

Letter impression books cheap at Sutherland's book-store.

Our stock of building material is now complete in every respect. Parties expecting to build the coming season should call and get our prices before placing their orders. We will please you both as to quality and price.

DAVID K. JEFFRIES.

For extra grades of hard and soft coal, call on David K. Jeffries.

Ladies clean your kid gloves with Mother's Glove cleaner; for sale only at Burns & Boland's dry goods store.

A few more diaries for 1890 for sale cheap at Sutherland's book-store.

WANTED—A cook and laundry girl. Apply South First and Jackson street. GEORGE MCKEY.

WANTED—An active man on Liberal Salary to permanently represent an Association incorporated to supply, at low operating prices, general merchandise and all kinds of articles for home and family use, in each town, village and rural district. \$50,000 monthly. Paid out commissions \$10,000 in cash. Credit well secured. References exchanged. Home Co-operative Association (Look Box 610, N. Y.)

THE HOSPITAL BENEFIT.

A Large Number Danced at the Light Infantry Armory Last Night for Charity's Sake.

THE PARTY GIVEN FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE HOSPITAL.

All the Elite of the City Enjoyed the Mazy Waltz and the Sedate Quadrille.

Last evening the annual hospital benefit ball came off at the armory, and a jolly crowd never congregated there.

The ball was very tastefully decorated. Four large flags draped from the chandelier in the center of the ceiling to the wall, covered all the imperfections in the ceiling. The windows were draped with portiers of various colors, and between the windows and along the

gun racks and gallery were smaller flags tastefully arranged.

The canvas was down and it was a very pretty place. The corner at the left of the entrance was reserved as a reception room and was an interesting looking place. Fine rugs were scattered about and handsomely upholstered chairs and settees invited rest. In the company room, at the left of the entrance, supper was served by George A. Shurtliff, the popular caterer. About seventy-five couples were on the floor and many spectators about the hall.

Smith & Anderson's orchestra discoursed delightful music from the orchestra platform. The platform was also handsomely decorated with flags, pictures, portiers and blossoming house plants. Down stairs on the second floor there had been provided a room for card playing and smoking and a number of the older men made it their headquarters, playing whist and cinch. The scene from the gallery was enchanting. The handsome decorations, the white canvassed floor, the bright colored dresses contrasting with the sombre black dress suits. It was a splendid party and the elite of the city were present. The attendance was not as large as at some of the previous charity balls, but there were just enough to comfortably fill the hall, leaving plenty of room to dance and for the accommodation of spectators. It was a grand success and will net the hospital a good little sum.

As soon as returns are received the directors will present a report of receipts and expenses of the charity ball.

The directors wish to return thanks to Messrs. Kimball & Hall, and W. H. Ashcraft for furniture; to Messrs. Burt & Bailey for sundries; to Walter Helms for plants; to J. A. Denniston, for flags; to J. H. Myers, for use of 700 m. corners and assistance rendered.

BRIEFLETS.

Leppin's hall has been engaged for the Farmers' Institute next week.

Bear in mind that next Monday is pay day at the Building and Loan Association.

The Jolly Six will give one of their parties in Hibernia hall Monday evening. It is a publicity and all are invited.

The last Presbyterian Club dance of the season will be given at Columbia hall next Monday evening, February 17.

A number of friends were very pleasantly entertained last evening by Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Dunwiddie, No. 165 Madison street, first ward.

The Merry Club met last evening with Miss Nellie Hubbard, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George N. Hubbard, No. 306 North street.

Dr. Oscar A. King will lecture before the Woman's Physiological Institute in Chicago Monday. His subject will be, "The Brain, Occultism and Christian Science." The lecture will be illustrated by drawings.

Mr. P. S. Peterson has taken a three years lease of the Mrs. E. Zeisinger's business block, 15 North Main street, and will occupy the store as the headquarters of the Singlet Sewing Machine Agency, and the upper rooms as a residence.

The funny part of Charles Carpenter's bid, presented to the council last evening, is made plain by a reference to sundry bills presented by that gentleman to the finance committee of the council, for repairing the city building. It is said that once upon a time an alderman was employed to do a certain piece of work for the city. In due time his bill was presented, and the committee deemed certain charges for "time" work exorbitant. They went to him with an itemized bill and asked him to look over the items carefully and see if some of them were not too high. The alderman took the bill and read it over carefully; coming to an item for express charges from Chicago, 50 cents, he passed a moment and then said, "Well, I guess that charge for expressage is a little steep." The bills in both cases were allowed.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Bennett Grants a Divorce This Afternoon.

Judge John R. Bennett returned from Jackson to-day, and circuit court opened at two o'clock. The divorce action of William E. Mansur against Ida F. Mansur, came on for hearing, and it appearing to the court upon the testimony of the witness, that the defendant without cause, deserted the plaintiff, and had remained away for more than one year, Judgment of divorce was granted the plaintiff.

A QUIET WEDDING.

Mr. Chas. Heise and Miss Mary Huebner Married this Afternoon.

A very quiet wedding was solemnized at the residence of the officiating clergyman Rev Max Albrecht at three o'clock this afternoon, the contracting parties being Mr. Charles Heise and Miss Mary Huebner. Many friends of the newly wedded couple wish them joy and a long life.

Ringling's Notice.

In the ears, sometimes a roaring buzzing noise are caused by catarrh, that exceedingly disagreeable and very common disease. Loss of smell or hearing also results from catarrh, Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, is a peculiarly successful remedy for this disease, which it cures by purifying the blood. If you suffer from catarrh, try Hood's Sarsaparilla, the people's medicine.

In Justice Court.

The case of Langhoff against Thompson occupied Justice Pritchard's court all day yesterday and this forenoon. This morning the justice non suited the plaintiff.

BADLY CUT ON A WIRE FENCE.

Serious Accident to a Little Son of Casper Uehling, at Afton.

A very serious accident befell a little son of Casper Uehling, at Afton this morning. It appears that the boy was riding a blind horse. The horse, in some manner, became frightened and started on a run. The boy grabbed one of the reins of the bridle and pulled, with a his strength, thinking to stop the animal. This pulled the frightened animal into a barbed-wire fence, striking which increased the horse's fright and he ran something like a half mile rubbing against the fence all the distance. The boy held on to the bridle rein, holding the horse against the fence. The boy had two of his toes cut off and his foot and leg terribly cut by the barbs, while the horse sustained a most terrible mauling, his shoulder and legs being almost cut in pieces. Dr. Louis was sent for and attended the boy's injuries, who was resting comfortably when the doctor left him this afternoon.

THE CHIPPEWA INDIANS.

An Interesting Talk by Dr. J. B. Whiting at the School for the Blind.

Indian Commissioner Dr. J. B. Whiting, who has spent several months recently among the Chippewa Indians of North Minnesota, visited the School for the Blind last evening and gave the inmates a talk concerning the Chippewa Indians of to-day. Dr. Whiting brought home with him many Indian relics and articles used by the aboriginal denizens of the northwest. Among the rest was a large peace pipe, made historical from the fact that it was the pipe used in ratifying the peace treaty between the Ojibwa and Sioux Indian tribes in 1867. This pipe is about five feet in length, with a bowl eight inches in length. The bowl is made of pipe stone, while the stem is of wood, all being hand carved and ornamented. Some excellent specimens of bead work and many other articles of the handicraft of the savages were exhibited to the students, who were greatly delighted therewith. The doctor occupied about two hours time in his talk and in explaining the Indian relics, in which all his hearers took a very deep interest, the talk being both interesting and very instructive. The members of the school were delighted that Dr. Whiting gave them such an opportunity to gain so much information from so reliable a source.

BANJOISTS IN A PULLMAN.

The State University Club to Make an Extended Tour.

Efforts are being made to secure an appearance of the Wisconsin University Banjo Club in Janesville. Arrangements have been perfected for the club's appearance in several towns and cities. Dates have already been made as follows: Racine, April 1st, Milwaukee, April 2d, at the Academy of Music; Chicago, April 3d, at Central Music hall; Ann Arbor, Michigan, April 5th; La Crosse, April 7th; Minneapolis, April 8th; St. Paul, April 9th. The club will travel in a Pullman palace car expressly provided for the tour. The membership is now as follows, G. C. Main, E. C. Main, W. D. Hooker, Will Oppel, F. Benson, E. Cassoday, F. Carter, H. Brown, George The University Glee Club, consisting of sixteen students, will accompany the Banjo club.

PERSONAL.

C. E. Burdick arrived home from Brodhead this morning.

Charles Stoller, of Bradford, is quite sick at the Park Hotel.

Mrs. E. H. Murdoch is visiting her parents at Fond du Lac for a few days.

Frank Jackson came down from Madison to spend Sunday and attend the charity ball.

Mr. M. Beck, the celebrated carriage builder, of Brodhead, was in the city yesterday.

Miss Mary Switzer left this morning for Washington, D. C., to spend the winter with her uncle in that city.

Mr. J. J. Hall, of the firm of Kimball & Hall, was called to Rockford yesterday by the death of his uncle, Mr. Bingham. He returned this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mortimer, of Milwaukee, was in the city, the guests of Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Palmer, Waverly block, North Main street.

VALENTINE SOCIAL.

At the Home of Rev. W. F. Brown, 123 Washington Street, Last Night.

A large number of people gathered at the home of the Rev. W. F. Brown, 123 Washington street, last evening. The occasion was a Valentine social given under the auspices of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of that church. All who were present report a very pleasant time.

THE WEATHER.

Fair Weather—Variable Winds—Warmer Sunday Morning.

At seven o'clock this morning the thermometer indicated 18 degrees above zero. Clear with north wind.

At one o'clock p. m. the register was 41 degrees above zero. Clear with south wind. For the corresponding hours one year ago the register was 28 and 32 degrees above zero.

Pleasant Surprise.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Spoon, of the town of Janesville, have decided to move to this city, and have rented a house at No. 127 Madison street. Yesterday about fifty of their neighbors perpetrated a very pleasant surprise on them. A nice lunch was served and all had a highly enjoyable time.

We have heard many of our old friends say that Salvation Oil cured them of rheumatism. Those who have not tried it should do so. Our druggists sell it for twenty-five cents a bottle all the time.

Why suffer with a bad cold when one bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure a cough of the worst kind. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is sold for 25 cents per bottle by all the druggists in the United States.

Programme for the Fourth Winter Meeting of the State Press Association.

ON TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY OF NEXT WEEK.

A General Outline of the Work To Be Considered—The Reception and Entertainment.

The fourth winter meeting of the Wisconsin Press Association will be held in this city, commencing on Tuesday evening of next week, and closing on Thursday.

It is expected that several hundred newspaper men will attend the sessions which have heretofore been very interesting. President B. J. Price, of Hudson, and Secretary F. W. Coon, of Edgerton, have prepared a programme of exercises, giving a general outline of the work to be considered at this meeting, which is as follows:—

PROGRAMME.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 7.30 P. M. Music. Address of Welcome by Mayor St. John. Response by Samuel Shaw, Brandon Republican. President's Address—B. J. Price. Reception and Entertainment by W. Coon, Editor of the Milwaukee Chronicle. Music.

THE WISCONSIN EDITORS.

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8.30 P. M. Reception and ball tendered the Wisconsin Press Association by the citizens of Janesville, at the Light Infantry Armory.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 9.00 A. M. Review of the last Wisconsin legislature's acts on the subject of the liquor law. H. J. Sharp, Delavan Enterprise.

Are the discriminatory rates made by interstate carriers constitutional? H. J. Sharp, Delavan Enterprise.

Five-minute talks by John N. Manti, Editor of the Milwaukee Journal; H. J. Sharp, Delavan Enterprise; J. W. Coon, Editor of the Milwaukee Chronicle; H. J. Sharp, Delavan Enterprise.

Is it expedient for newspapers to patronize the liquor law? H. J. Sharp, Delavan Enterprise.

How make a good newspaper? H. J. Sharp, Delavan Enterprise.

On the history of the Wisconsin Press Association. H. J. Sharp, Delavan Enterprise.

Should Uncle Sam print envelopes and do other job work in competition with private enterprise? H. J. Sharp, Delavan Enterprise.

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HOW TO OPEN A SAFE.

The Experience of a Janesville Man as Related by Himself.

Several men were sitting around the stove in an east side livery stable this morning discussing the safe robbery at Salem, Ill. last night. One wondered how in Sam Hill the burglars could drill a hole through a vault composed, as the one that was robbed, of four layers of chilled steel and wrought iron each half an inch thick. He said that chilled steel was so hard that a drill could not be made that would cut it. The first one, who is not a safe blower, but an honored resident of this city, said that it was easy enough. "You just get an alcohol lamp and a blowpipe," said he, "and you can melt a hole through the best safe in the city in less than three minutes. Chilled steel is not proof against an alcohol lamp, and don't you forget it. I will bet any man in the city, that with a good man to help me, I can get into any safe in the city, with the exception of those in the bank, in five minutes. One time, some years ago, a jeweler here in town took his safe and was unable to unlock it. He sent to Chicago, to the house that made the safe to get a man to unlock it. The company wrote that their expert was down in New Orleans, trying to open a bank vault that was damaged, and that they would have to get a man to break it open. Well, they could not think of anybody here capable of it, until they happened to think of a gun smith on the other side of the river, and so they went to him with their trouble. I met him on his way to the store and he said he wanted me to help him. Well, we went at it and had the safe open in less than two minutes, but the lock was in the soup. He took off the combination knob and putting a half inch punch against the lock, struck it one rap with a sledge hammer, and knocked the lock off the back of the door, and into the money drawer behind it. But then all of them are not as easy as that. Take for instance the vault in the new insurance building at Milwaukee. The walls are five feet thick. It is also built in a peculiar way. The walls are composed of railroad iron. The first wall was made of rails interlapping the flanges twelve inches thick. The next one was made the same way but twelve inches from the first. The intervening space being filled with chilled steel balls three inches in diameter, and it also had chunks of lead scattered among them and so on until the wall was five feet of rails and steel balls. If a person once drilled through the outside wall they would strike these balls which would turn about and therefore a drill could not cut them. If the drill struck a chunk of lead it would choke it up, enough to render it useless. Oh, yes, it is a great business, this burglarizing, and a man has to be a mechanic to make a success of it."

THE VOICE OF THE PULPIT.

Subjects to be Discussed in Janesville Pulpits To-morrow.

PHRESYTHIAN CHURCH—On Jackson street. Rev. W. F. Brown, Pastor. Services at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M.

Services of worship 10.30 A. M., and 7.30 P. M. Preaching both morning and evening by the pastor. Morning subject, "The Meaning of Solomon's Song and the Christian's use of that book of the bible." Our Bible school meets at noon and our Y. P. S. C. E. society meeting is held at six o'clock. For evening sermon the pastor's subject will be "Do Presbyterians Believe in the Loge of God for All Men." Thursday evening prayer meeting subject, "Our Walking," Gen. v. 24., or any Bible verse containing the word walk or walked.

ALL SOULS CHURCH—Corner of Court and Bluff streets. C. F. Elliott, Pastor. Sunday services at 10.30 A. M. Sunday school at 12.30 P. M.

Subject of discourse at All Souls' church, "The Science of Living."

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Corner of Jackson and Bluff streets. Rev. S. P. Wilder, Pastor. Church services at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday school at 12.30 P. M. Evening service and sermon at 7.30 P. M.

Services morning and evening, conducted by the pastor. Morning topic, second sermon on "One Standard of Action for God and Men." Evening topic, "A Prayer of Doom." Young People's meeting at 6. Strangers cordially welcomed.

FIRST M. E. CHURCH—Corner of Jackson and Court streets. Rev. E. L. Eaton, Pastor. Sunday services at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday school at 12.30 P. M. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7.30.

The pastor will preach both morning and evening. Special Gospel services will be continued during the week. The interest in these meetings is steadily increasing. Everybody is cordially invited to attend. The Sunday school and senior class will meet at noon; and the Epworth League at 6 p. m.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Corner of Jackson and Pleasant streets. Rev. M. G. Rogers, D. D., Pastor. Sunday services at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday school at 12.30 P. M. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7.30.

Preaching by the pastor morning and evening. Morning subject, "A Good Hope." Evening, "The Wedding Garment." Y. P. S. C. E. at 5.45 P. M. All are cordially invited.

CHRIST CHURCH—Corner Court and Wisconsin streets. Janesville, Wis. Sunday—Prayer at 10.30 A. M. Morning service and sermon at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday school at 12.30 P. M. Evening service and sermon at 7.30 P. M.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH—Corner of Home and Cherry streets. Rev. E. M. McGINITY, Pastor. Sunday services at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday school at 12.30 P. M. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7.30.